

Calculation Example: Margin Call

Question: A trader buys one June futures contract on orange juice. Each contract is for the delivery of 10,000 pounds. The current futures price is \$2 per pound. The initial margin is \$4,500 per contract, and the maintenance margin is \$3,000 per contract.

What is the smallest price change would that would lead to a margin call for the buyer?

Answer: A margin call will occur when the money in the margin account (currently \$4,500) falls below the maintenance margin (\$3,000). Here are the steps to solve for the smallest price change that will lead to a margin call for the buyer:

1. Since she bought the futures contract, she is long and she'll lose money when the orange price falls;
2. A margin call will be triggered when she loses \$1,500 ($=\$4,500 - \$3,000$);
3. Each contract has a notional principal of \$20,000 ($=\$2/\text{pound} * 10,000\text{pounds}$);
4. She'll receive a margin call when the notional principal falls to \$18,500 ($=\$20,000 - \$1,500$);
5. This corresponds to a price of \$1.85/pound ($=\$18,500/10,000\text{pounds}$);
6. Which is a \$0.15/pound price fall ($=\$1.85/\text{pound} - \$2/\text{pound}$).